

RF Gun and Cathode Operation at PITZ

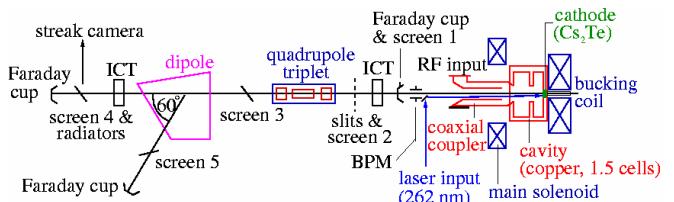


In collaboration with: BESSY Berlin, INFN-LASA Milano, INR Troitsk, INRNE Sofia, MBI Berlin, TU Darmstadt, YERPHI Yerevan

Goals and Current Layout of the Photo Injector Test Facility at DESY Zeuthen, PITZ



- test facility for FELs like TTF2-FEL and XFEL
⇒ very small transverse emittance (~1 μm @ 1 nC)
- stability, short bunches, small energy spread
- extensive R&D on RF guns in parallel to TTF operation
- compare detailed experimental results with simulations:
⇒ benchmark theoretical understanding of photo injectors
- test and optimize new developments (laser, cavities, cathodes, beam diagnostics)

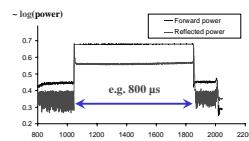


Achievements on RF Conditioning

RF frequency: 1.3 GHz

maximum RF power in the gun:

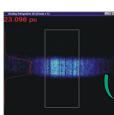
- rf pulse length: 900 μs
 - repetition rate: 10 Hz
 - gradient: ~42 MV/m at the cathode
- duty cycle: 0.9 %
- average RF power: 27 kW



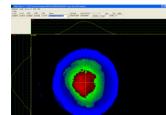
fulfills complete TTF2-FEL RF parameter requirements!
next: attack XFEL goals (60MV/m, $\leq 650 \mu\text{s}$, 10 Hz)

Measured Photo Cathode Laser Beam Parameters

longitudinal: (measured at 524 nm)

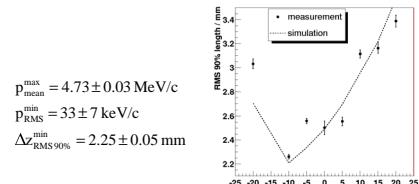
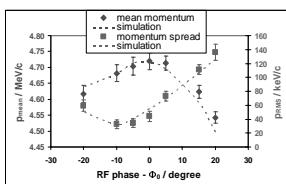


transverse: (measured in UV at virtual cathode)

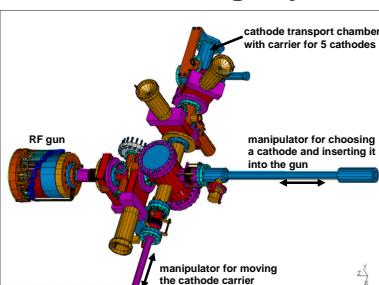


- variable (RMS 0.3 – 1.0 mm)
- diaphragm imaged on cathode
- e.g.:
 - $\sigma_x = 0.52 \pm 0.02 \text{ mm}$
 - $\sigma_y = 0.63 \pm 0.02 \text{ mm}$

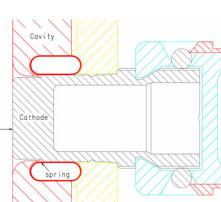
Electron Beam Longitudinal Phase Space



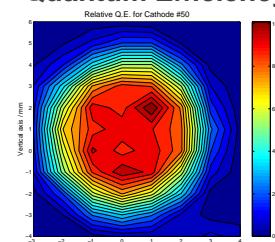
Cathode Exchange System



Cathode in the RF Gun

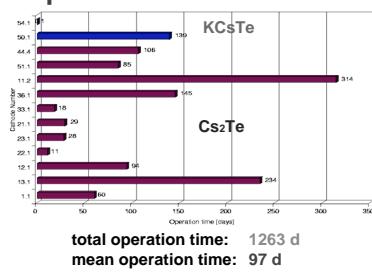


Homogeneity and Quantum Efficiency



- homogeneity: within 10% in the active area (laser spot size used for scanning: 0.5 mm rms)
- QE: ~ 10% (after production)
→ 0.5 % (stable for month/years)

Operation Time Statistics



responsible author: Frank Stephan, DESY Zeuthen;
Frank.Stephan@desy.de, Oct 2003

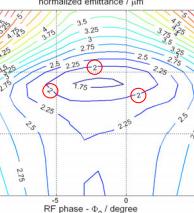
Electron Beam Transverse Emittance

ASTRA Simulation:

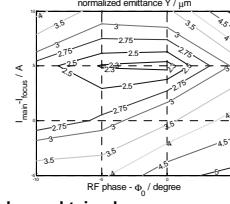
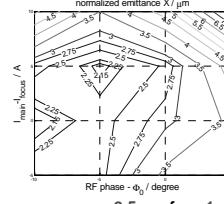
simulation conditions here:

- charge: 1 nC
- laser profiles:
 - longitudinal: 20 ps FWHM
 - transverse: $\sigma_{x,y} = 0.6 \text{ mm}$ homogeneous
- gradient at cathode: 42 MV/m

If transverse laser shape is Gaussian (same $\sigma_{x,y}$):
⇒ min. emittance ~ 5 μm



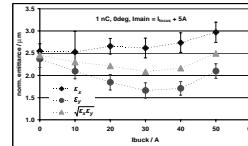
Measurements:



-2.5 μm for ~1 nC have been obtained by different shifts on different days reliably!

better than the TTF2-FEL start-up requirements on beam quality!

If the bucking coil is turned on further improvement can be obtained:



$$\mathcal{E}_n \sim 2.0 \mu\text{m}$$

Towards the XFEL Requirements (1.4 μm @ undulator)

a) with improved homogeneity of transverse laser profile:

$$\mathcal{E}_n \leq 2 \mu\text{m} @ 1 \text{nC} \text{ (see above)}$$

How? → upgrade laser beamline
When? → spring 2004



b) with improved longitudinal laser profile (2 ps rise/fall time):

$$\mathcal{E}_n \sim 1.2 \mu\text{m} @ 1 \text{nC} \text{ (see below)} \quad \text{How?} \rightarrow \text{see laser poster, Ingo Will, MBI}$$

When? → 2004 – 2006, funding ??

c) with all laser improvements, 60 MV/m on the cathode and booster cavity:

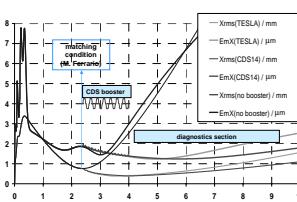
$$\mathcal{E}_n \sim 0.9 \mu\text{m} @ 1 \text{nC} \text{ (see poster on Injector III Concept)}$$

How? → more conditioning, may be better gun cooling

When? → start 01/2004

PITZ 2: Further Scientific Program at PITZ

→ study emittance conservation and further improve electron beam quality



preliminary PITZ 2 layout